

Economic Losses due to Floods

- · 1987 Floods US\$ 1.0 billion
- 1988 Floods US\$ 1.2 billion
- 1998 Floods US\$ 2.8 billion
- · 2004 Floods US\$ 2.3 billion
- · 2007 Floods ???

7

Setting the Recovery Targets

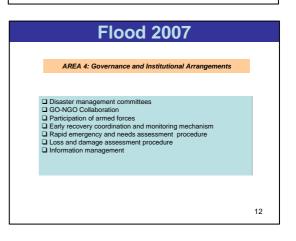
- · Increasing Output:
 - Agriculture
 - Manufacturing
 - Services
- Maintaining/ increasing Capital Stock
- Maintaining GDP Growth Rate
- Maintaining Export
- **Maintaining Import**
- Maintaining Current Account Balance
- Managing Inflation
- Maintaining Poverty Level

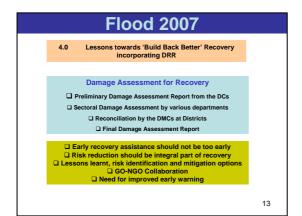
8

Flood 2007 Area 1: Shelter Affected Households: Fully- 84,321; Partially-1,003,799 ## House Building Grant Amount BDT 62,466,500 BDT 497,300,000 ## GA's Fund BDT 497,300,000

Flood 2007 Area 2: Livelihood Affected Population: Families- 2,961,972; People-13,771,380 • Vulnerable Group Development (VGD) Programme • Test Relief (TR) Programme • Rural Maintenance Programme • Food For Works (FFW) Programme • Risk Reduction Programme • Special programme for the poorest districts

Affected road (km) Fully 3,705 Affected Educational Institution Fully 583 Affected Educational Institution Fully 583 Affected Embankment (km) Fully 88 Partially 1,008 Affected Bridge/Culvert Fully 360 Partially 1,008 Affected Bridge/Culvert Fully 360 Partially 1,008 Railway, Water Transport, Tale-communication, Water Supply, Sanitation, Drainage, Growth Centres, etc. • Review and Revision of ADP budget *Austerity in public revenue expenditure • Special procedure for approving rehabilitation/ reconstruction projects • Fast track implementation of projects





Flood 2007 5.0 Key influences on resilient recovery and sustainable development | Information Management | Production of SifReps | Media campaign on Flood Management | Emergency Response Coordination and Monitoring Mechanism | Rapid Emergency and Needs Assessment Procedure | Loss and Damage Assessment Procedure | Partnership Building | Mainstreaming DRR in development planning

14